

**LISTENING**

## IELTSFEVER ACADEMIC MODULE PRACTICE TEST 11

**SECTION 1**      *Questions 1–10**Questions 1–10**Complete the form below.**Write NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER for each answer.***SHORT STAY ACCOMMODATION**

<i>Example</i>	<i>Answer</i>
<b>Family Name:</b>	Mackinlay
<b>First Name:</b>	1 .....
<b>Country of Origin:</b>	2 .....
<b>Date of Arrival:</b>	3 .....
<b>Number of Tenants:</b>	4 .....
<b>Length of Stay:</b>	2 weeks
<b>Purpose of Visit:</b>	5 .....
<b>Type of Accommodation:</b>	6 .....
<b>Number of Bedrooms:</b>	one or two
<b>Car Parking:</b>	off-street and 7 .....
<b>General Area:</b>	near the beach
<b>Other Requirements:</b>	near 8 .....
<b>Name of Town:</b>	9 .....
<b>Client's Email:</b>	smac13@hotmail.com
<b>Price Range:</b>	up to 10 \$..... a week

**SECTION 2**      *Questions 11–20**Questions 11–14**Choose the correct letter, A, B or C.*

- 11 Refreshments will be served
- A at the front counter.
  - B in the lobby.
  - C at the back of the hall.

- 12 Nick Noble advertised  
 A on the radio.  
 B on a billboard.  
 C in the newspaper.
- 13 The original number of founding members was about  
 A 12.  
 B 20.  
 C 200.
- 14 The club provides activities primarily for reasonably fit  
 A males up to 75.  
 B females with young children.  
 C males and females of any age.

**Questions 15–20**

Complete the table below.

Write **NO MORE THAN ONE WORD AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

Activity	Day(s)	Duration	Contact Person
15 .....	Tuesday & Saturday	about 3-5 hours	coordinator
16 .....	Thursday & Sunday	up to 3 hours	17 .....
Wanderers	Sunday	18 .....	leader
19 ..... Weekends	Saturday & Sunday	all weekend	20 .....

**SECTION 3**

**Questions 21–30**

**Questions 21–26**

Complete the notes below.

Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS** for each answer.

**“Globalisation and Educational Change”**

- GEC 692 New Code: **21** .....
- Aims — Analysis of educational problems arising from globalisation
- Chance to research and **22** ..... progress of educational change
- Investigate influence of culture and **23** ..... on education
- Argue advantages and disadvantages of reorganisation of public education in own country with regard to globalisation

- Consider the 24 ..... of globalisation or diversity of national curricula across richer and poorer countries
- Assignment #1 = power point pr ..... (30%)
- Assignment #2 = take part in 26 ..... :ssay (50%)

**Questions 27–30**

Complete the table below.

Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

Author	Title	Date
27 .....	<i>Comparative Education</i>	2007
Elliot	<i>Educational Issues of the New Millennium</i>	28 .....
29 .....	<i>Education and Globalisation</i>	2009
York	<i>Globalisation and 30 .....</i>	2010

**SECTION 4** Questions 31–40

**Questions 31–37**

Complete the summary below.

Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS** for each answer.

Every day the human body is fighting off 31 ..... by destructive pathogens. A person in good health has natural protection in the form of an immune system which works best against familiar micro-organisms which may have been encountered during a previous 32 ..... or passed on by the mother before or after birth.

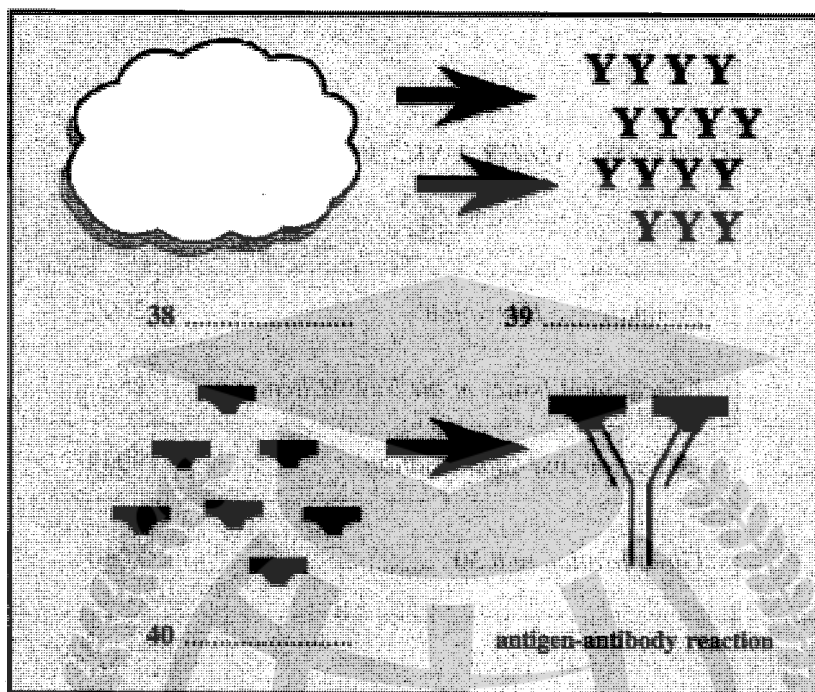
Vaccination is a way to cause 33 ..... immunisation by introducing a small amount of pathogen into the body — just enough for the body’s 34 ..... to react by making antibodies. Passive immunisation can be used as a way of treating someone who is already sick. Proteins from animal 35 ..... are introduced into the patient to give him the necessary antibodies to fight the disease.

Dr. Edward Jenner observed that people who had suffered and recovered from a serious disease called smallpox did not get it again. He also noted that victims of a milder disease, cowpox, which they caught from 36 ....., were immune to smallpox. He carried out a successful 37 ..... by deliberately giving a child cowpox in order to make him immune to smallpox.

**Questions 38–40**

Complete the diagram below.

Choose your answers from the box below and write the letters A–F next to questions 38–40.



- A antibody
- B agglutination
- C antigen
- D germs
- E plasma
- F B-lymphocyte